II B.Tech - II Semester – Regular Examinations – MAY 2024

CYBER SECURITY AND ETHICAL HACKING (HONORS in INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. This paper contains questions from 5 units of Syllabus. Each unit carries 14 marks and have an internal choice of Questions.

2. All parts of Question must be answered in one place.

BL – Blooms Level

CO – Course Outcome

			BL	СО	Max.
					Marks
	UNIT-I				
1	a)	What are the primary classifications of	L1	CO1	7 M
		cybercrimes, and how do they impact			
		individuals, organizations and society?			
	b)	Identify who are cybercriminals, and what	L2	CO1	7 M
		motivates them to engage in illegal activities			
		in cyberspace?			
	OR				
2	a)	Discuss the legal perspectives surrounding	L2	CO1	7 M
		cybercrimes, including the Indian IT Act			
		2000 and its implications for cybersecurity			
		in India.			
	b)	Explain the global perspective on	L2	CO1	7 M
		cybercrimes, highlighting significant trends,			
		challenges and initiatives aimed at			
		combating cyber threats worldwide.			

		UNIT-II					
3	a)	Explain the concept of social engineering	L2	CO1	7 M		
-		and its role in cybercrime, providing		CO2			
		examples of common social engineering					
		tactics used by cybercriminals.					
	b)	Discuss the significance of botnets in	L2	CO1	7 M		
		facilitating cybercrimes, including their		CO2			
		characteristics, functionalities and the					
		challenges they pose to cybersecurity.					
OR							
4	a)	Identify the role of cyber cafes in enabling	L2	CO1	7 M		
		cybercrimes, including their impact on		CO2			
		anonymity, accessibility to cybercriminals					
		and regulatory challenges.					
	b)	Describe the attack vectors commonly	L1	CO1	7 M		
		exploited by cybercriminals, including		CO2			
		vulnerabilities in software, networks and					
		human behavior.					
	T	UNIT-III		,			
5	a)	Describe the role of proxy servers and	L2	CO1	7 M		
		anonymizers in facilitating cybercrimes,		CO3			
		including their use for anonymity, bypassing					
		censorship and evading detection.					
	b)	2 I	L2	CO1	7 M		
		in cybercrimes, including viruses, worms,		CO3			
		trojans & spyware, and explain their					
		functionalities and impacts on compromised					
		systems.					
		OR					

6	a)	Explain the phishing technique used by	L2	CO1	7 M			
		cybercriminals to deceive individuals into		CO3				
		divulging sensitive information and discuss						
		countermeasures for phishing prevention.						
	b)	Explain the different types of cyber-attacks,	L3	CO1	7 M			
		such as DoS and DDoS attacks, SQLI and		CO3				
		buffer overflow.						
	UNIT-IV							
7	a)	Discuss the ethical considerations and legal	L2	CO1	7 M			
		implications associated with ethical		CO4				
		hacking, including compliance with relevant						
		laws and regulations.						
	b)	Explain the required skill set for Ethical	L2	CO1	7 M			
		Hacking and also identify types of ethical		CO4				
		hacking.						
		OR						
8	a)	Explain the reconnaissance phase of ethical	L2	CO1	7 M			
		hacking, including information gathering		CO4				
		methodologies and tools used to gather						
		intelligence on target systems.						
	b)	Illustrate ethical hacking and explain its	L3	CO1	7 M			
		significance in cybersecurity, including its		CO4				
		role in identifying and mitigating						
		vulnerabilities in computer systems.						
UNIT-V								
9	a)	Classify the common types of passwords	L2	CO1	7 M			
		used in system security, and how do they		CO4				
		differ in terms of strength and vulnerability						
		to hacking?						

	b)	Discuss the concept of keyloggers and other	L2	CO1	7 M	
		spyware technologies, including their		CO4		
		functionalities, methods of deployment and				
		implications for user privacy and security.				
OR						
10	a)	Explain the process of cracking a password,	L2	CO1	7 M	
		including the various techniques and tools		CO4		
		used by hackers to gain unauthorized access				
		to password-protected systems.				
	b)	Differentiate between overt and covert	L2	CO1	7 M	
		channels used by trojans and backdoors to		CO4		
		infiltrate systems.				